IN THE CLAIMS:

Claims 1-2, 17, 22, and 24 are amended. Claims 12 and 20 are canceled and claims 25-26 are added. All pending claims are presented below.

(Currently Amended) A method for countering spam that disguises characters
within an electronic message, the method implemented on a computer, the said method
comprising the steps of:

locating portions of the electronic message where a difference between

foreground color and background color is negligible, the locating performed

by a processor of the computer, the locating comprising:

determining whether at least one of the foreground color and the background color is a gray-scale color; and

responsive to at least one of the foreground color and the background color being a gray-scale color, deeming the difference between the colors to be negligible based on a comparison of saturation and brightness values of the colors regardless of hue values of the colors; deleting from the electronic message foreground characters from said portions, to form a redacted electronic message; and

forwarding the redacted electronic message to a spam filter.

2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising setting a negligibility threshold such that, when the difference between foreground color and background color is negligible below the negligibility threshold for a certain portion of the electronic message, said portion is invisible or nearly invisible to a typical human viewer of the electronic message.

- 3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein said locating step comprises, responsive to neither the foreground color nor the background color being a gray-scale color, comparing hue, saturation, and brightness of the foreground and background colors.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3 wherein information giving red, green, and blue components of foreground and background colors is given in the electronic message, and said information is converted into hue, saturation, and brightness values.
 - 5. (Canceled)
 - 6. (Canceled)
- 7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the difference between the foreground color and the background color is deemed to be negligible when the difference in saturation between foreground and background is less than 5%, and the difference in brightness between foreground and background is less than 4%.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the difference between the foreground color and the background color is deemed to be negligible when the difference in saturation between foreground and background is less than 3%, and the difference in brightness between foreground and background is less than 2%.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein neither the foreground color nor the background color is a gray-scale color, and the locating step comprises comparing hue, saturation, and brightness of the foreground and background colors.
 - 10. (Canceled)
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 9 wherein the difference between the foreground color and the background color is deemed to be negligible when the

difference in hue between foreground and background is less than 4 degrees, and the combined difference in saturation and brightness values of the foreground and background is less than 12%.

- 12. (Canceled)
- 13. (Canceled)
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the spam filter is responsive to characters within the electronic message.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim I wherein the electronic message is a message from the group of messages consisting of: e-mail, instant messages, chat room messages, newsgroup messages, wireless messages, Morse code messages, SMS messages, MMS messages, EMS messages, text pager messages, and graphics pager messages.
- 16. (Previously Presented) A computer-readable storage medium containing executable computer program instructions for countering spam that disguises characters within an electronic message, said computer program instructions performing the steps of:

locating portions of the electronic message where a difference between foreground color and background color is negligible, comprising:

determining whether at least one of the foreground color and the background color is a gray-scale color; and responsive to at least one of the foreground color and the background color being a gray-scale color, deeming the difference between the colors to be negligible based on a comparison of saturation and

brightness values of the colors regardless of hue values of the colors; deleting from the electronic message foreground characters from said portions, to form a redacted electronic message; and

forwarding the redacted electronic message to a spam filter.

- 17. (Currently Amended) The computer-readable <u>storage</u> medium of claim 16 wherein the locating step comprises, responsive to neither the foreground color nor the background color being a gray-scale color, comparing hue, saturation, and brightness of the foreground and background colors.
- 18. (Previously Presented) Apparatus for countering spam in an electronic message, said apparatus comprising:

means for locating portions of the electronic message where a difference between foreground color and background color is negligible, comprising:

means for determining whether at least one of the foreground color and the background color is a gray-scale color; and

means for, responsive to at least one of the foreground color and the background color being a gray-scale color, deeming the difference between the colors to be negligible based on a comparison of saturation and brightness values of the colors regardless of hue values of the colors;

coupled to the locating means, means for deleting from the electronic message foreground characters from said portions; and coupled to the deleting means, a spam filter.

19. (Original) The apparatus of claim 18 wherein the locating means comprises a

color comparison module.

- 20. (Canceled)
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein determining whether at least one of the foreground color and the background color is a gray-scale color comprises:

determining whether the saturation value of at least one of the foreground color and the background color is zero.

22. (Currently Amended) The computer-readable <u>storage</u> medium of claim 16, wherein determining whether at least one of the foreground color and the background color is a gray-scale color comprises:

determining whether the saturation value of at least one of the foreground color and the background color is zero.

- 23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, further comprising: responsive to at least one of the foreground color and the background color being a gray-scale color, comparing the negligibility threshold to a color difference value, the color difference value based on the differences in saturation values and brightness values of the foreground and background colors.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein deeming the difference between the colors to be negligible is based at least in part on whether a monitor associated with a recipient of the electronic message is a liquid crystal display (LCD) monitor 2, wherein a negligibility threshold used when the electronic message is displayed on a liquid crystal display (LCD) monitor is different than a negligibility threshold used when the electronic message is displayed on a cathode ray tube (CRT)

monitor.

25. (New) The method of claim 2, wherein at least one of the foreground color and the background color is a gray-scale color, and wherein a negligibility threshold used when the electronic message is displayed on a liquid crystal display (LCD) monitor is less than a negligibility threshold used when the electronic message is displayed on a cathode ray tube (CRT) monitor.

26. (New) The method of claim 1 wherein locating portions of the electronic message where the difference between foreground color and background color is negligible further comprises:

locating color tags in the electronic message, the color tags specifying foreground and background colors; and

dividing the electronic message into portions based on the color tags, wherein different portions have different foreground or background colors.